

Stage A

1. その試験に落ちると、より多くの時間を勉強に費やすことになる。
(the examination / time / means / failing / spending / more) to study.
2. オリヴィアの表情から、彼女は女の子扱いされるのが嫌いなのだとわかる。
Olivia's expression shows that she (girl / like / treated / dislikes / being / a).

ポイント

☆ 動名詞の受動態・否定 ☆

動名詞の受動態: ~~~~~

動名詞の否定: ~~~~~

BASIC

3. ケンに自分のものを片付けてと言っても無駄である。(1語不要)
It is (clean / Ken / to / useless / telling / up / use / no / his belongings).

ポイント

☆ 「~しても無駄だ/仕方ない」を含む表現 ☆

①

②

③

暗記

4. [誤文訂正]
He looks forward to talk with you sometime soon.

look forward to
~を楽しみに待つ

ポイント

☆ toの後に動名詞(または名詞)をとる表現 ☆

暗記

5. When it comes (), Noah is definitely the best in class.

- ① for act a role ② for acting a role
③ to act a role ④ to acting a role

6. ルーカスは数学の勉強に集中することに苦労した。

Lucas (focus / had / studying / Mathematics / in / on / difficulty).

ポイント

☆ (in) doing を用いる表現 ☆

BASIC

7. 禁煙と飲酒が健康に悪いことは言うまでもない。

It (for / smoking / saying / drinking alcohol / goes / and / bad / without / are / that) one's health.

ポイント

☆ その他の動名詞を用いた表現 ☆

BASIC

8. () changing his mind, he started negotiations with the rival company.

- ① Of ② In ③ On ④ With

9. The vending machine () just before it was her turning to use it.

- ① failed functioning ② failed to functioning
③ stopped functioning ④ stopped to function

ポイント

☆ 後ろに動名詞が来る動詞 ☆

✓ fail の用法

fail { to :
in :

C₀ R_E D_E M E G A F E E P S
こ れ ず x が 7x ア ス

10. Don't forget () your e-mail when you travel abroad next weekend.

- ① to have ckecked ② check
③ to ckeck ④ ckecking

ポイント

☆ 目的語が不定詞か動詞か意味が変わる動詞 ☆

BASIC

remember { to V :
V ing :

forget { to do :
doing :

regret { to do :
doing :

mean { to do :
doing :

try { to do :
doing :

stop { to do :
doing :

Stage B

11. John is not used to () a formal reception party.

- ① participate in ② participating in
③ participates in ④ participated in

12. He is fond of () a new system.
① to introduce ② introduce
③ introducing ④ introduced
13. The whole staff are very busy () with complaints.
① coping ② to cope
③ to coping ④ being coped
14. () trying to make a decision, you should realize what you want to do and keep a proper sense of priority.
① At ② By ③ During ④ In
15. I am ashamed () kind to the old man on the bus.
① of having not been ② of not having been
③ not of having been ④ of having been not
16. Olivia watched several movies over night. Actually, she didn't feel like ().
① sleep ② sleeping
③ sleepily ④ to sleep
17. There is () when the famous actor shows up at the stage.
① not tell ② no telling
③ not telling ④ not to tell
18. People often have great () my handwriting.
① reading to trouble ② reading trouble
③ trouble reading ④ trouble to read
19. When I had lunch with Ken. I got angry at () a noise while eating.
① he makes ② he made
③ his making ④ he making
20. There is no point () such a expensive car if you don't have the drivers license.
① with having ② to have
③ in having ④ for having

Stage C

21. The battery is dead. There is no use () to use the smartphone.
① trying ② be trying
③ to try ④ have to try

22. 私はいつも友達と夕食を食べるのに1時間はかかる。
I usually (hour / with / eating / an / spend / dinner / my friends / in).

23. As soon as she met the boy, Olivia bursted into laughter.
= () () the boy, Olivia bursted into laughter.

24. The problem is how to enter the house () by anyone.
① without be seen ② without being seen
③ without seeing ④ without seen

25. Not a few students () to hand in their papers.
① failed ② avoided
③ gave up ④ missed

26. I have been accustomed to () what he says.
① not believe ② believe not
③ believing not ④ not believing

be accustomed to

27. He wanted to devote his life () English in high school.
① to teach ② of teach
③ in teaching ④ to teaching

28. Do you mind () a little earlier.
① to leave ② for us to leave
③ our leaving ④ us to leave

29. There is no possibility that he will happen to meet his friends here.
= There is no possibility of () () to meet his friends here.

30. The soccer goal net we used in high school needed ().
① mended ② mending
③ to mend ④ to have mended

ADVANCED

「必要がある」
でも、
need
を使う。