

Stage A

1. その試験に落ちると、より多くの時間を勉強に費やすことになる。  
( the examination / time / means / failing / spending / more ) to study.  
↳ Failing the examination means spending more time ....
2. オリヴィアの表情から、彼女は女の子扱いされるのが嫌いなのだとわかる。  
Olivia's expression shows that she ( girl / like / treated / dislikes / being / a ).  
↳ dislikes being treated like a girl.

ポイント

☆ 動名詞の受動態・否定 ☆

動名詞の受動態: being done

動名詞の否定: not Ving

BASIC

3. ケンに自分のものを片付けてと言っても無駄である。(1語不要)  
It is ( clean / Ken / to / useless / telling / up / use / no / his belongings ).

仮 ← 真主語

It is no use telling Ken to clean up his belongings.

{ 使用法 } ~してもムダだ。  
→ 使えない

ポイント

☆ 「~しても無駄だ/仕方ない」を含む表現 ☆

① It is no use [good] doing.

② There is no point (in) doing.

③ There is no sense (in) doing.

暗記

4. [誤文訂正]  
He looks forward to <sup>X talking</sup> talk with you sometime soon.

look forward to { 名詞  
Ving

~を楽しみに待つ

↑ 前置詞の to

to の後に動名詞(または名詞)をとる表現

ポイント

☆ to の後に動名詞(または名詞)をとる表現 ☆

look forward to A (/doing) : A (/~すること) を楽しみに待つ。

be used to A (/doing) : A (/~すること) に慣れている。

be accustomed to A (/doing) : A (/~すること) に慣れている。

object to A (/doing) : A (/~すること) に反対する

when it comes to A (/doing) : 「(話題が) A (/~すること) になると

what do you say to A (/doing) : 「(誘って) A はどうですか/…ませんか

暗記



9. The vending machine ( ) just before it was her turning to use it.

- ① failed functioning
- ② failed to functioning
- ③ stopped functioning
- ④ stopped to function

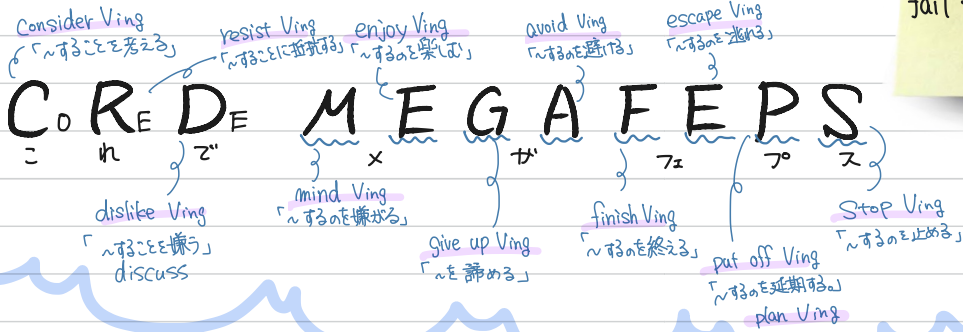
ポイント

☆ 後ろに動名詞が来る動詞 ☆

✓ fail の用法  
 fail { to : ~しない。  
 in : ~に失敗する。

ADVANCED

暗記



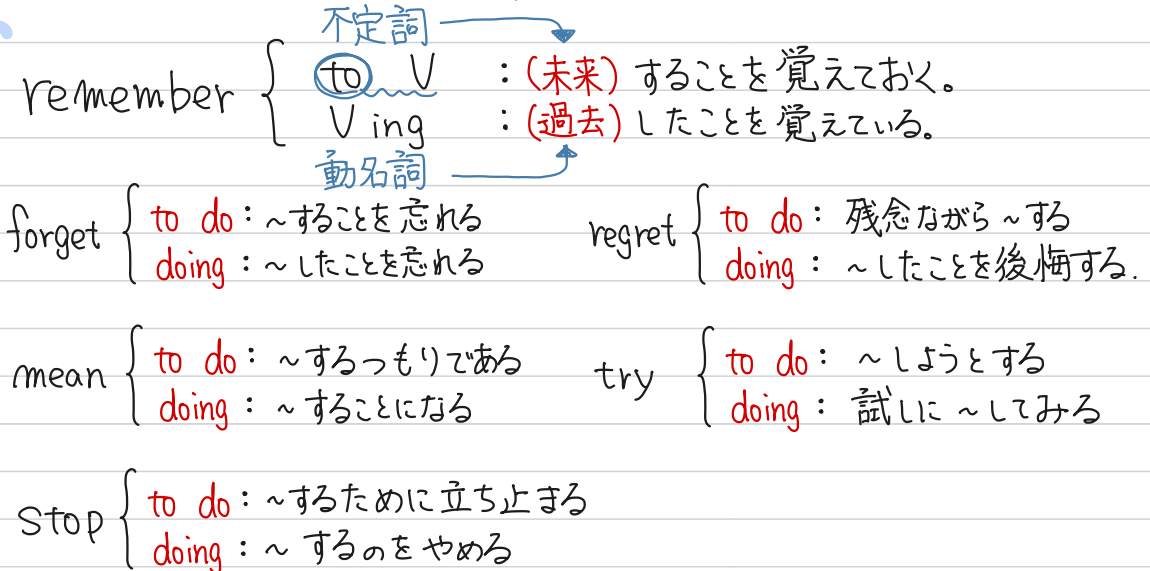
10. Don't forget ( ) your e-mail when you travel abroad next weekend.

- ① to have ckecked
- ② check
- ③ to ckeck
- ④ ckecking

ポイント

☆ 目的語が不定詞か動詞かで意味が変わる動詞 ☆

BASIC



Stage B

11. John is not used to ( ) a formal reception party.

- ① participate in
- ② participating in
- ③ participates in
- ④ participated in

12. He is fond of ( ) a new system.

- ① to introduce                      ② introduce  
③ introducing                        ④ introduced

13. The whole staff are very busy ( ) with complaints.

- ① coping                              ② to cope  
③ to coping                         ④ being coped

14. ( ) trying to make a decision, you should realize what you want to do and keep a proper sense of priority.

- ① At                                  ② By                                  ③ During                              ④ In

15. I am ashamed ( ) kind to the old man on the bus.

- ① of having not been              ② of not having been  
③ not of having been              ④ of having been not

be ashamed of Ving : ~<sup>not</sup>しいことを恥か<sup>し</sup>がる。

16. Olivia watched several movies over night. Actually, she didn't feel like ( ).

- ① sleep                                ② sleeping  
③ sleepily                            ④ to sleep

17. There is ( ) when the famous actor shows up at the stage.

- ① not tell                              ② no telling  
③ not telling                         ④ not to tell

18. People often have great ( ) my handwriting.

- ① reading to trouble                ② reading trouble  
③ trouble reading                    ④ trouble to read

19. When I had lunch with Ken. I got angry at ( ) a noise while eating.

- ① he makes                          ② he made  
③ his making                        ④ he making

20. There is no point ( ) such a expensive car if you don't have the drivers license.

- ① with having                        ② to have  
③ in having                            ④ for having

Stage C

21. The battery is dead. There is no use ( ) to use the smartphone.

- ① trying                                ② be trying  
③ to try                                 ④ have to try

22. 私はいつも友達と夕食を食べるのに1時間はかかる。

I usually ( hour / with / eating / an / spend / dinner / my friends / in ).

↳ I usually spend an hour in eating dinner with my friends.

23. As soon as she met the boy, Olivia bursted into laughter.

= ( On ) (meeting) the boy, Olivia bursted into laughter.

24. The problem is how to enter the house ( ) by anyone.

① without be seen

② without being seen

③ without seeing

④ without seen 見られないで

受動態

25. Not a few students ( ) to hand in their papers.

① failed

② avoided

③ gave up

④ missed

← すべて後ろが動名詞

26. I have been accustomed to ( ) what he says.

① not believe

② believe not

③ believing not

④ not believing

be accustomed to Ving : ~するに慣れている。  
not

27. He wanted to devote his life ( ) English in high school.

① to teach

② of teach

③ in teaching

④ to teaching

28. Do you mind ( ) a little earlier.

① to leave

② for us to leave

③ our leaving

④ us to leave

主語

29. There is no possibility that he will happen to meet his friends here.

= There is no possibility of ( his ) (happening) to meet his friends here.

30. The soccer goal net we used in high school needed ( ).

① mended

② mending

③ to mend

④ to have mended

ADVANCED

「される必要がある」  
でも、  
need Ving  
を使う。